

TURBIQUANT® 1100 IR 1100 T

Turbidimeter

Operating Manual



Accuracy when going to press

The use of advanced technology and the high quality standard of our instruments are the result of a continuous development. This may result in differences between this operating manual and your instrument. Also, we cannot guarantee that there are absolutely no errors in this manual.

Therefore, we are sure you will understand that we cannot accept any legal claims resulting from the data, figures or descriptions.

Warranty declaration

The designated instrument is covered by a warranty of 2 years from the date of purchase. The instrument warranty extends to manufacturing faults that are determined within the period of warranty. The warranty excludes components that are replaced during maintenance such as lamps, etc.

The warranty claim extends to restoring the instrument to readiness for use but not, however, to any further claim for damages. Improper handling of the instrument invalidates any warranty claim.

To ascertain the warranty liability, return the instrument and proof of purchase together with the date of purchase freight paid or prepaid.

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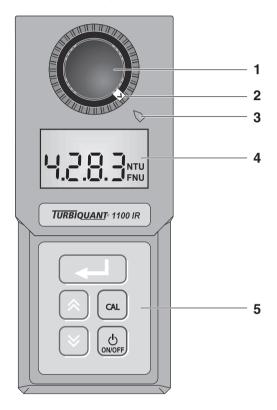
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1 Overview

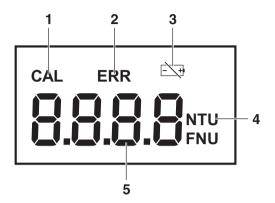
The Turbiquant® 1100 IR / Turbiquant® 1100 T enables rapid and reliable turbidity measurements to be carried out on individual samples. The measuring method used corresponds to DIN EN ISO 7027 (Turbiquant® 1100 IR) or US EPA 180.1 (Turbiquant® 1100 T).

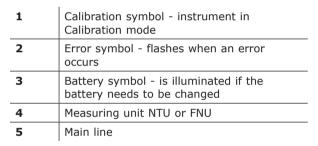


1	Cuvette in the cuvette shaft
2	Marking ring for calibration standard
3	Mark
4	Display
5	Keypad

1.1 Display

The LCD display has the following display elements:





1.2 Keypad

The Turbiquant $^{\circ}$ 1100 IR / Turbiquant $^{\circ}$ 1100 T has a keypad with the following 5 keys:



Key

Function



Switch measuring instrument on/off





Select calibration standard



Start measurement; press and hold: index the cell; release again: start measurement or calibration



Call up or terminate calibration mode

2 Safety

This operating manual contains basic instructions that you must follow during the commissioning, operation and maintenance of the measuring instrument. Consequently, all responsible personnel must read this operating manual before working with the measuring instrument.

The operating manual must always be available within the vicinity of the measuring instrument.

Target group

The measuring instrument was developed for measurements on site and in the laboratory. We assume that, due to their professional training and experience, operators are familiar with the safety measures that are necessary when handling chemicals.

Symbols used



Caution

indicates instructions that have to be followed to prevent damage to your instrument.



Note

indicates notes that draw your attention to special features.



Note

indicates cross-references to other documents, e.g. Application reports.

2.1 Authorized use

Authorized use consists exclusively of the turbidity measurement of individual samples on site or in a laboratory environment.

The technical specifications given in the TECHNICAL DATA chapter must be observed. Only the operation and running of the measuring instrument according to the instructions given in this operating manual is authorized. Any other use is considered **unauthorized**.

2.2 General safety instructions

This instrument left the factory in a technically safe and secure condition.

Function and operating safety

The smooth functioning and operational safety of the measuring instrument can only be guaranteed if the generally applicable safety measures and the specific safety instructions that appear in this operating manual are followed during operation.

The smooth functioning and operational safety of the measuring instrument can only be guaranteed under the climatic conditions specified in the chapter, TECHNICAL DATA.

If the instrument was transported from a cold environment to a warm environment, the formation of condensate can impair the functioning of the instrument. In this event, wait until the temperature of the instrument reaches room temperature before putting the instrument back into operation.

Safe operation

If safe operation is no longer possible, the instrument must be taken out of service and secured against inadvertent operation!

Safe operation is no longer possible if the measuring instrument

- has been damaged in transport
- has been stored under adverse conditions for a lengthy period of time
- · is visibly damaged
- no longer operates as described in this manual.

If you are in any doubt, please contact the supplier of the instrument.

Obligations of the operator

The purchaser of this measuring instrument must ensure that the following laws and guidelines are observed when using dangerous substances:

- EEC directives for protective labor legislation
- National protective labor legislation
- Safety regulations
- Safety datasheets of the chemical manufacturers.

3 Commissioning

3.1 Scope of delivery

- Turbiquant® 1100 IR or Turbiquant® 1100 T handheld turbidimeter
- · Operating manual
- Two empty cuvettes
- · Carrying case with short operating manual
- 4 alkaline manganese batteries, type AAA/Micro (in . the meter)

3.2 Initial commissioning

Switching on

1 Switch on the turbidimeter: Press the key for approx. one second. The instrument is immediately ready for operation.

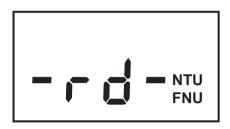


Note

The meter was calibrated and tested by the manufacturer before delivery. Consequently, you can begin to measure immediately. However, we recommend to recalibrate following the initial commissioning (see section 4.3 CALIBRATION). Thus, you will quickly become familiar with the operation and calibration of the meter.

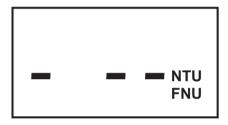
Display when ready to measure

After switching on or calibrating the following display indicates that the instrument is ready to measure:



Display during measurement

While measuring, the instrument displays moving dashes prior to displaying a stable measured value:



After approx. 8 - 11 seconds the measured value is displayed:

Example of a measured value display



Energy saving feature

The instrument has an energy saving feature. The energy saving feature switches off the instrument if no key is pressed for 5 minutes.

4 Operation

4.1 Instructions for operating

4.1.1 Marking and indexing cuvettes

Even completely clean quality cuvettes exhibit tiny directional differences in their light transmittance. Therefore, if you want to achieve accurate and reproducible measurement results, it is necessary to always index the sample cuvettes and calibration standards in the same way (see section 2130 of the "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater", 19th edition).

Cleaning the cuvette

The cuvette must be absolutely clean (see section 5.2.2 CLEANING THE CUVETTES).

Indexing the sample cuvette

A sample cuvette with screwable light protection cap is indexed during measurement (see section 4.2 MEASURING TURBIDITY).

Marking calibration standards

Calibration standards with a permanently fixed light protection cap can be permanently marked using the marking rings provided. A marked calibration standard can be quickly brought into the optimum position. For this purpose, the marking rings have an arrow that is turned towards the mark on the light shaft. This shortens the entire calibration procedure.

Mark a calibration standard as follows:

1	Switch on the turbidimeter: Press the depth key.
2	Make sure that the outside of the cuvette is clean, dry, and free of fingerprints.
3	Insert the calibration standard in the cuvette shaft so that it clicks into place.

Slowly rotate the calibration standard by one complete rotation (by 360°) in small steps and hold the key depressed while doing so. After each step, wait for a moment until the display is stable. Watch the display of the turbidimeter while you rotate the cuvette. Subsequently, turn the calibration standard to the position with the lowest displayed value.



Note

To keep the drift as low as possible, the time for indexing the cuvette while pressing and holding the key is limited to 30 seconds. After this time the turbidimeter automatically starts the measurement or calibration.

- With the cuvette in this position, place a marking ring on the calibration standard so that the arrow on the marking ring points to the mark on the enclosure
- 6 Leave the marking ring on the light protection cap of the calibration standard. This calibration standard is now marked permanently

Indexing a calibration standard during calibration

A marked calibration standard is indexed as follows:

- Insert the marked calibration standard in the cuvette shaft so that it clicks into place.
- Turn the calibration standard so that the arrow on the marking ring points to the mark on the enclosure.
- While pressing and holding the slowly align the calibration standard in the range around the arrow, i.e. turn it in small steps. After each step, wait for a moment until the display is stable. Subsequently, turn the calibration standard to the position with the lowest displayed value.
- 4 Leave go of the key.

4.1.2 Venting the sample

Air bubbles in the sample affect the measuring result to a massive extent because they have an extensive scattering effect on the incident light. Larger air bubbles cause sudden changes in the measured values whereas smaller air bubbles are recorded by the instrument as turbidity. Therefore, avoid or remove air bubbles:

Avoiding or removing air bubbles

- During sampling, ensure all movement is kept to a minimum
- If necessary, vent the sample (ultrasonic baths, heating or adding a surface-active substance to reduce surface tension)

4.2 Measuring turbidity



Caution

Never pour liquid directly into the cuvette shaft. Always use a cuvette for the measurement. The measuring instrument only measures precisely when the cuvette is closed with the black light protective cap.

Note



The outside of the cuvette always has to be clean, dry, and free of fingerprints. Clean the cuvette before starting to measure (see section 5.2.2 CLEANING THE CUVETTES). Only hold the cuvettes by the top or by the black light protection cap.

Measuring

This is how to measure the turbidity of a sample using the Turbiquant® 1100 IR / Turbiquant® 1100 T:

1	Switch on the turbidimeter: Press the key.
2	Rinse out a clean cuvette with the sample to be measured: Pour approximately 10 ml sample into the cuvette. Close the cuvette and rotate it several times before throwing the sample away
3	Repeat the rinsing procedure twice more.
4	Fill the cuvette with the sample to be measured (approx. 15 ml). Close the cuvette with the black light protection cap.
5	Make sure that the outside of the cuvette is clean, dry, and free of fingerprints.

7 Align the cuvette:

Slowly rotate the cuvette by one complete rotation (by 360°) in small steps and hold the key depressed while doing so. After each step, wait for a moment until the display is stable. Watch the display of the turbidimeter while you rotate the cuvette. Subsequently, turn the cuvette to the position with the lowest displayed value.



Note

To keep the drift as low as possible, the time for indexing the cuvette while pressing and holding the key is limited to 30 seconds. After this time the turbidimeter automatically starts the measurement or calibration.

- 8 Leave go of the key.
- 9 Dashes are displayed while the measured value is being determined.
- 10 Read the measured value when it is displayed.



11 Repeat steps 2 to 9 for further samples.

Display when measuring range is exceeded

If the measured value is outside the measuring range of the Turbiquant® 1100 IR / Turbiquant® 1100 T, 1100 flashes on the display:



Switching the meter on/off

To switch the meter off, press the key.



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4.3 Calibration

4.3.1 Basic information on calibration

Why calibrate?

Just like any other measuring instrument, the measuring accuracy of the Turbiquant® 1100 IR / Turbiquant® 1100 T has to be checked and adjusted at regular intervals.

When to calibrate?

Under normal conditions, we recommend calibrating the turbidimeter at least every three months.

4.3.2 Calibration procedures

You have the following possibilities for calibrating the Turbiquant® 1100 IR / Turbiquant® 1100 T:

- Three-point calibration over the entire measuring range according to the specified calibration program (section 4.3.4).
- Partial (user-defined) calibration over a limited range (section 4.3.5).
- Single-point calibration. This is a special user-defined calibration and only recommended as a temporary solution. After a single-point calibration, measuring is only possible close to the calibration point and with reduced accuracy.

Calibration points and measuring ranges

For optimum calibration over the entire measuring range of the instrument, you will require the following three calibration standards (see chapter 8 TURBIQUANT® PRODUCT PROGRAM):

Standard no.	NTU/FNU
1	1000
2	10.0
3	0.02

The calibration can also be performed with less than the three calibration standards if the anticipated measured values lie in a limited range (partial calibration).

However, when selecting the calibration points, the following rules must be followed so that the instrument measures with the precision specified in chapter 7 TECHNICAL DATA within the calibration period:

- The expected measuring range must lie between two calibration points.
- If there are more possible calibration points between the start and end of the calibration interval, they must be used.

4.3.3 Preparing the calibration

Perform the following preparatory activities when you want to calibrate:

- 1 Have the required calibration standards ready and mark them as necessary (see 4.1.1 MARKING AND INDEXING CUVETTES).
- 2 Make sure that the outsides of the cuvettes are clean, dry, and free of fingerprints.



Caution

Never open the cuvettes containing the calibration standards.

4.3.4 Three-point calibration

Calibration sequence

The three-point calibration according to the calibration program calibrates the instrument using the calibration standards in the following order:

1000 > 10.0 > 0.02 NTU/FNU



Note

If, after the end of a calibration step, you do not resume the calibration within 5 minutes, the instrument automatically switches itself off. The data calibrated up to this point remain stored and will be used.

To calibrate your measuring instrument using the calibration program, proceed as follows:

- 1 Switch on the turbidimeter: Press the key.
- Press the key. CAL and a flashing 1000 appear on the display. This indicates that you should insert the 1000 NTU/FNU calibration standard.



- 3 Insert the 1000 NTU/FNU calibration standard in the cuvette shaft so that it clicks into place.
- 4 Press the key and align the cuvette as described on page 14.

 After releasing the key a 30 seconds countdown is displayed. The instrument measures the calibration standard and afterwards shortly displays the 1000. Then the prompt to insert the second calibration standard is displayed:



- Insert the 10.0 NTU/FNU calibration standard in the cuvette shaft so that it clicks into place.
- Press the key and align the cuvette as described on page 14.

 After releasing the key a 60 seconds countdown is displayed. The instrument measures the calibration standard and afterwards shortly displays the 10.0. Then the prompt to insert the third calibration standard is displayed:



- 7 Insert the 0.02 NTU/FNU calibration standard in the cuvette shaft so that it clicks into place.
- 8 Press the key and align the cuvette as described on page 14.

 After releasing the key a 30 seconds countdown is displayed. The instrument measures the calibration standard and afterwards shortly displays the 0.02. Then the instrument returns to the measuring mode:



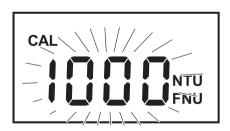
Terminating the calibration prematurely

When you want to terminate the calibration prematurely after a calibration step is finished press the key. The instrument returns to the measuring mode. The instrument stores the data calibrated up to this point and will use them for future measurements.

4.3.5 Partial (user-defined) calibration

You can also calibrate the instrument using two or only one calibration standard. When doing so, please follow the notes in 4.3.2 CALIBRATION PROCEDURES.

- 1 Switch on the turbidimeter: Press the key.
- 2 Press the key. CAL and a flashing 1000 appear on the display. This indicates that you should insert the 1000 NTU/FNU calibration standard.



3 If required, select another calibration standard (10.0 or 0.02 NTU/FNU) with the ♠ or ♥ key.

- 4 Insert the selected (flashing) calibration standard in the cuvette shaft so that it clicks into place.
- Press the key and align the cuvette as described on page 14.

 After releasing the key a 30 or 60 seconds countdown is displayed. The instrument measures the calibration standard and afterwards shortly displays the nominal value of the calibration standard. Then the prompt to insert the next lower calibration standard is displayed.
- If required, select another calibration standard with the or key (the display of the respective calibration standard flashes).
- 7 Repeat steps 4 to 6 until all required calibration standards have been measured.



Note

After calibration with the 0.02 NTU/FNU calibration standard, the instrument automatically terminates the calibration program and returns to the measuring mode.

Terminating the

When you want to terminate the calibration after a calibration step is finished press the key. The instrument returns to the measuring mode. The instrument stores the data calibrated up to this point and will use them for future measurements.

5 Maintenance, cleaning, disposal

5.1 Changing the batteries

Battery symbol flashes

The batteries must soon be changed if the battery symbol symbol flashes on the display:



The batteries are nearly empty and should soon be exchanged. The instrument still measures with the specified accuracy.

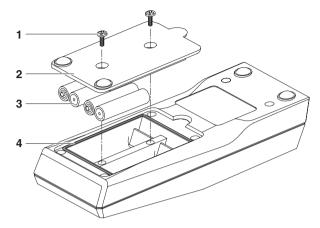
Battery symbol permanently illuminated

A battery exchange is immediately necessary when the battery symbol is displayed permanently:



In this case, change the batteries immediately. The instrument might no longer measure with the specified accuracy. If the batteries are too weak to measure, the turbidimeter switches itself off. It can only be switched on again when the batteries have been replaced.

Battery replacement



- 1 Switch on the turbidimeter: Press the key.
- 2 Place the instrument with the operating panel face down on a soft surface.
- 3 Undo the two screws (1).
- 4 Open the lid of the battery compartment (2).
- 5 Remove the old batteries from the battery compartment.
- Insert new batteries (3). While doing so, check that the poles are correct according to the diagram in the battery compartment.
- 7 Replace the lid of the battery compartment.
- 8 Attach the lid with the two screws. At the same time, make sure that the sealing gasket around the battery compartment (4) forms a tight seal with the lid.

5.2 Cleaning

5.2.1 Cleaning the instrument

Occasionally wipe the outside of the instrument with a damp, lint-free cloth. Disinfect the housing with isopropanol as required.



Caution

Avoid contact with acetone or similar detergents that contain solvents as these can damage the housing. Remove any splashes immediately.

5.2.2 Cleaning the cuvettes

Cuvettes used for measuring turbidity must be clean. Therefore, clean them regularly:

- Clean the cuvettes inside and out with hydrochloric acid or laboratory soap.
- 2 Rinse out several times with distilled water.
- 3 Let them dry in the air.
- Only hold the cuvettes by the top or by the light protection cap so that the optical path is not impaired.



Note

Scratches in the glass change the optical characteristics of the cuvette and falsify the measured value. For this reason, never use scratched cuvettes!

5.3 Disposal

Packing

This measuring instrument is sent out in protective transport packing material.

We recommend keeping the packing material in case you have to send the instrument back for service. The original packing prevents the instrument from being damaged during transport.

Measuring instrument

To finally dispose of the instrument, take it to a collection point responsible for electronic waste. It is illegal to dispose of the measuring instrument as household refuse.

Batteries

Dispose of the batteries at a suitable facility according to local legal requirements.

Within the European Union, the batteries are removed at a specialized treatment center at the instrument's end of life. The instruments are taken to one of those specialized treatment centers via the recycling system set up for this purpose.

Calibration standards

Used calibration standards can be disposed of as household refuse.

6 What to do if...

Flashing 1100	Cause	Remedy
display	- Measuring range exceeded	- This cannot be remedied. Sample is not suitable for the measurement
Measured values	Cause	Remedy
that are obviously too high	- Cuvette contaminated	- Clean the cuvette
too mgn	- Cuvette scratched	- Replace the cuvette
	- Cuvette misted up	- Adjust the tempera- ture of the sample before measuring
	- Air bubbles in the cuvette	- Remove air bubbles
	- Measuring instrument not correctly cali- brated	- Calibrate the instru- ment
Error message	Cause	Remedy
ERR flashes	- The light source is defective	- Have the instrument repaired by the ser- vice department
Error message <i>ERR</i>	Cause	Remedy
flashes and <i>CAL</i> is displayed	- Error during calibration: The standard used is incorrect or too old	- Check that you have used the correct standards and whether the standards are too

Note



If you are in any doubt, please contact the supplier of the instrument.

old. If necessary, repeat calibration

7 Technical data

Measuring principle Turbiquant® 1100 IR		Nephelometric acc. to DIN EN ISO 7027
	Turbiquant® 1100 T	Nephelometric acc. to US EPA 180.1
Light source	Turbiquant® 1100 IR	Infrared LED
	Turbiquant® 1100 T	White light tungsten lamp
Measuring range	0.01 - 1100 NTU/FNU	
Resolution	In the range 0.01 - 99.99 NTU/FNU	0.01 NTU/FNU
	In the range 100.0 - 999.9 NTU/FNU	0.1 NTU/FNU
	In the range 1000 - 1100 NTU/FNU	0.1 NTU/FNU
Accuracy (<u>+</u> 1 digit)	In the range 0 - 500 NTU/FNU	\pm 2 % of the measured value or \pm 0.1 NTU/FNU
	In the range 500 - 1100 NTU/FNU	\pm 3 % of the measured value
Response time	14 seconds	
Calibration	Automatic 3-point calibration or partial (user-defined) calibration	
Ambient	Storage	-25 °C + 65 °C
temperature	Operation	0 °C + 50 °C

Sample temperature

0 °C ... + 50 °C

Power supply

Batteries	4 x alkali-manganese, size AAA/Micro
Lifetime	Approx. 5000 measurements

Dimensions of

hand-held turbidimeter

Length	165 mm
Width	70 mm
Height	48 mm

set carrying case

Depth	213 mm
Width	257 mm
Height	60 mm

Total weight of set 1.22 kg

Test certificates

CE

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8 Turbiquant® product program

Cat. No.	Item
1.18324.0001	Turbiquant® 1100 Turbidimeter portable, with batteries, 2 empty cuvettes, manual, handy hints
1.18325.0001	Turbiquant® 1100 T Turbidimeter portable, with batteries, 2 empty cuvettes, manual, handy hints
1.18335.0001	Turbiquant® 1100 IR / 1100 T Calibration standard set, 3 standards 0.02 - 10.0 - 1000 NTU 4 marking rings Cell cleaning cloth
1.18320.0001	Turbiquant® 1000 / 1100 Cuvettes 3 empty cuvettes

9 Lists

This chapter provides additional information and orientation aids.

Abbreviations

The list of abbreviations explains the abbreviations that appear on the display or when dealing with the instrument.

Index

The index will help you to find the topics that you are looking for.

Abbreviations

CAL	Calibration	
ERR	Error message (see chapter 6 WHAT TO DO IF)	
NTU	Nephelometric turbidity units	
FNU	Formazine nephelometric unit	
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display	
-rd-	Read Calibration step active	

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10 Preparation of Formazine (C₂H₄N₂) Primary Standard 4000 NTU

acc. DIN FN ISO 7027

Caution

Hydrazinium sulfate is a toxic substance, carcinogenic andsensitising. R: 45 - 23/24/25 - 43; S: 53 - 45. Please observe handling instructions. Gloves, goggles and breathing equipment must be worn. Do not eat or drink near place of work.

Please also observe §§ 35 - 37 and appendix III of the German Regulations for Handling Hazardous Substances (GefStoffV) or equivalent national safety regulations. Methenamine is hazardous to health and readily flammable.

R: 11 - 42/43; S: (2) - 16 - 22 - 24 - 37.

Accuracy

The accuracy of this method is ± 2 %.

Reagents

Hydrazinium sulfate ($N_2H_6SO_4$) GR for analysis, ACS,Reag. Ph Eur Cat. No. 1.04603.0100

Methenamine GR for analysis, Reag. Ph Eur

Cat. No. 1.04343.0100 Water LiChrosolv® Cat. No. 1.15333.1000

Instruments and

Membrane filter 0,1 μ m for bacteriological analysis Glass volumetric flask (100 ml and 200 ml) Reservoir flask (200 ml) capable of filtering UV light

Preparation of the Formazine primary standard 4000 NTU

Non-turbid water

→ Use high-quality water, Cat. No. 1.15333.1000 LiChrosolv®.

Alternative:

- → Place a membrane filter (0,1 µm) in distilled water for 1 hour.
- → Filter 250 ml distilled water through the filter and dispose of the filtrate.
- → Filter 500 ml distilled water twice through the filter and use for the preparation of the Formazine primary standard.

Solution A:

→ Weigh 5.0 g Metheneamine into a 100-ml glass beaker, dissolve in non-turbid water and make up to 40 ml with non-turbid water.

Solution B:

→ Weigh 0.5 g hydrazine sulphate into a 100-ml glass beaker, dissolve in non-turbid water and make up to 40 ml with non-turbid water.

Formazine primary standard 4000 NTU

- → Place solutions A and B in a 100-ml glass volumetric flask and mix carefully (gently swivelling the flask to and fro) and fill up to 100 ml.
- → Allow to stand for 24 h at 25 ± 3 °C. The turbidity of this stock solution is then 4000 NTU.

Preparation of dilutions

Dilute standard solution of **1000 NTU**:

Add 25 ml Formazine primary standard 4000 NTU to a 100 ml glass volumetric flask. Make up to the mark with non-turbid water and mix by gently by swivelling the flask to and fro.

Working standard solutions:

The required working standards can be prepared from the dilute standard solution 1000 NTU according to the table below.

required	ml of
NTU standard	1000 NTU solution
2	0.2
4	0.4
6	0.6
10	1.0
20	2.0
40	4.0
100	10.0
200	20.0

Place the required amount of 1000 NTU standard in a 100 ml glass volumetric flask, make up to the mark with non-turbid water and mix by gently swivelling to and fro.

NB: In order to prevent the formation of air bubbles that may falsify measurement, it is important not to shake the flask but to swivel it gently to and fro.

Storage

Store in a dark place at 25 \pm 3°C - heat and light tend to accelerate decomposition of the polymer structure. The solutions should also be kept away from contact with air in order to prevent oxidisation of the Formazine polymer strands.

Shelf life

The Formazine primary solution with 4 000 NTU is stable for approximately 4 weeks if stored in the dark at 25 ± 3 °C.

However, diluted solutions, e.g. 400 NTU are only stable for about 1 week.

Literature references

DIN EN ISO 7027 Determination of Turbidity



Note

No guarantees can be given nor liability accepted for any information given in the application reports.



We provide information and advice to our customers on application technologies and regulatory matters to the best of our knowledge and ability, but without obligation or liability. Existing laws and regulations are to be observed in all cases by our customers. This also applies in respect to any rights of third parties. Our information and advice do not relieve our customers of their own responsibility for checking the suitability of our products for the envisaged purpose.

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